## **FYBSC Semester-I**

# **Paper II**

#### **BO-112 Plant Morphology And Anatomy**

#### **CREDIT-I**

#### **Chapter 1. MORPHOLOGY: 2** L

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# **1. MORPHOLOGY**

 1.1: Introduction, definition, descriptive and interpretative morphology.

1.2: Importance in identification, nomenclature, classification, phylogeny and Plant breeding.

## Introduction

Morphology – (Morphe = form + logos = study). It deals with the study of forms and features of different plant organs like roots, stems, leaves, flowers, seeds, fruits etc.

- The body of a typical Angiospermic plant is differentiated into :
  - ♦ an underground root system
  - $\Rightarrow$  an aerial shoot system.

The shoot system consists of stem (including branches), leaves, flowers and fruits.

The roots, stems and leaves are vegetative parts, while flowers constitute the reproductive part.

# **Definition:**

• Morphology is the branch of biology of that deals with the study and forms of various parts of plants and their specific special features.

## Descriptive and Interpretative morphology.

• Morphology, in biology, the study of the size, shape, and structure of animals, plants, and microorganisms and of the relationships of their constituent parts. The term refers to **the general aspects of biological form and arrangement of the parts of a plant or an animal**.



# Thank You!...